



**EDO UNIVERSITY, IYAMHO.  
COLLEGE OF BASIC MEDICAL SCIENCES  
FACULTY OF BASIC MEDICAL SCIENCE  
DEPARTMENT OF NURSING SCIENCE**

**FIRST SEMESTER EXAMINATION FOR 200 LEVEL STUDENTS.**



**COURSE: CLINICAL NURSING PRACTICUM**

**COURSE CODE: NSC 212**

**SECTION B: OBJECTIVE QUESTIONS**

**TIME: 2HOURS**

***INSTRUCTIONS: - Any candidate who makes unauthorized writing/appeal on the answer sheet should be disqualified. Circle/Fill in the correct answer.***

1. The cardinal signs of inflammation after an injury include all EXCEPT
  - a. Redness
  - b. Itching
  - c. Heat
  - d. Pain
2. Admission of patients is necessary for the following reasons EXCEPT
  - a. It helps for observation
  - b. It helps for investigation
  - c. It helps for delegation
  - d. It helps for therapy
3. One of the following is NOT a type of admission
  - a. Routine
  - b. Planned
  - c. Emergency
  - d. Regular
4. Good Samaritan admission relates to
  - a. Routine admission
  - b. Planned admission
  - c. Emergency admission
  - d. Regular admission
5. Effective admission procedures should accomplish the following Goals EXCEPT
  - a. Verify the patient's identity and assess his clinical status
  - b. Make him as comfortable as possible
  - c. Orient patient to the environment and routine
  - d. Provide patient with cosmetic supplies
6. The goal of discharge is to \_\_\_\_\_
  - a. Make him as comfortable as possible
  - b. Verify the patient's identity and assess his clinical status
  - c. Provide patient with cosmetic supplies
  - d. To ensure adequate continuity of care.

7. Trans- out involves \_\_\_\_\_
  - a. Medical unit to O & G Hospital transfer
  - b. Medical Unit to Surgical Unit transfer
  - c. Hospital to Hospital facility transfer
  - d. Surgical unit to pediatric facility transfer
  
8. Trans- in involves \_\_\_\_\_
  - e. Medical unit to O & G Hospital transfer
  - f. Medical Unit to Surgical Unit transfer
  - g. Hospital to Hospital facility transfer
  - h. Surgical unit to pediatric facility transfer
  
9. Food is essential because it contains nutrients that the body needs for the following EXCEPT
  - a. Developing, growing, maintaining, replacing, and repairing cells and tissues
  - b. Resisting and fighting infection and recovering from illness
  - c. Recognize malnourished patients and those at risk for malnutrition
  - d. Carrying out chemical processes such as digestion
  
10. Diet to control high blood pressure include the following EXCEPT \_\_\_\_\_
  - a. Foods lower in fat, salt, and calories
  - b. Spices and herbs, vinegar, lemon or fruit juices instead of salt to flavor foods.
  - c. Use Unsaturated fatty foods
  - d. Use Saturated fatty foods
  
11. Which of the following is NOT a requirement for admission \_\_\_\_\_
  - a. Vital signs tray
  - b. Patient's folder
  - c. Admission and discharge register
  - d. All of the above
  
12. Nurses have the following fundamental responsibilities EXCEPT \_\_\_\_\_
  - a. Alleviate suffering
  - b. Remove ill persons
  - c. Prevent illness
  - d. Promote health
  
13. Intra articular means
  - a. Within the bones
  - b. Within the Tissues
  - c. Within the Spine
  - d. Within the Joints
  
14. Which client information reflects systemic response to Wound Infection \_\_\_\_\_
  - a. Exudate
  - b. Pain
  - c. Hyperthermia
  - d. Oedema

15. Actions a Nurse should take after medication error has been committed includes the following EXCEPT \_\_\_\_\_
- Accept responsibility
  - Document error
  - Delegate responsibility
  - Assess & monitor patient
  - Modify personal practice
16. First pass effect describes \_\_\_\_\_
- Nephrotic Metabolism
  - Hepatic metabolism
  - Lung metabolism
  - Muscle metabolism
17. Which of the following is true about Eye (ocular) drug administration \_\_\_\_\_
- Pull up the eye and administer into the pupils
  - Pull down the eye and administer into the conjunctiva sac
  - Pull down the eye and administer into the cornea
  - Pull up the eye and administer into the sclera
18. Which of the following is true about adult ear drug administration
- Pull ear upward & out
  - Pull ear downward and out
  - Pull ear downward and in
  - None of the above
19. Which of the following is true about children ear drug administration \_\_\_\_\_
- Pull ear upward & out
  - Pull ear downward and out
  - Pull ear downward and in
  - None of the above
20. The best site for intramuscular injection in children is \_\_\_\_\_
- Deltoid muscle
  - Vastus lateralis muscle
  - Vastus Medialis muscle
  - Gluteus maximus muscle
  - Gluteus minimus muscle
21. Which of the following mineral is avoided in hypertensive patients
- Sodium bicarbonate
  - Potassium bicarbonate
  - Sodium chloride
  - Potassium chloride
22. Intramuscular injection site at the buttocks is \_\_\_\_\_
- Lower outer quadrant
  - Upper outer quadrant
  - Lower inner quadrant
  - Upper inner quadrant
23. Brachial artery bifurcates at the cubital fossa into \_\_\_\_\_

- a. Medial and Ulnar artery
  - b. Popliteal and Median artery
  - c. Radial and Ulnar artery
  - d. Radial and Median artery
24. Bioavailability of drugs is best described as \_\_\_\_\_
- a. The drug administered locally
  - b. The drug with fast effect
  - c. The drug administered within 48hours in an emergency
  - d. The fraction of an administered drug that reaches systemic circulation
25. Admission procedure depends largely on \_\_\_\_\_
- a. Personality of the patient
  - b. Policy of the healthcare facility
  - c. State of the patient
  - d. None of the above
26. One of the following is Not a Nursing responsibility in the management of hypertension
- a. Monitoring of vital signs
  - b. Prescription of beta blockers
  - c. Monitoring of drug side effect
  - d. Monitoring of diet
27. The fifth vital sign is regarded as \_\_\_\_\_
- a. Temperature
  - b. Pulse
  - c. Pain
  - d. Respiration
  - e. Blood pressure
28. Patient can be identified by \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_
- a. Name and gender
  - b. Name and Particulars
  - c. Title and Gender
  - d. Colour and Gender
29. Scraping of the outer skin layer describes \_\_\_\_\_
- a. Laceration
  - b. Contusion
  - c. Abrasion
  - d. Concussions
30. Tear like wound describes \_\_\_\_\_
- a. Laceration
  - b. Abrasion
  - c. Concussion
  - d. Contusion
31. Swollen bruises due to accumulation of blood and dead cells under skin describes \_\_\_\_\_
- a. Laceration
  - b. Abrasion
  - c. Concussion

- d. Contusion
32. Damage to the underlying organs and tissue on head with no significant external wound describes\_\_\_\_\_
- a. Laceration
  - b. Abrasion
  - c. Concussion
  - d. Contusion
33. The classical signs of inflammation includes the following EXCEPT
- a. Fever
  - b. Pain
  - c. Pulse
  - d. Swelling
  - e. Loss of function
34. Which of the following is NOT a type of wound dressing
- a. Transparent adhesive films
  - b. Collagens
  - c. Hydrogels
  - d. Epiderm
35. One of the following is NOT a principle of wound dressing
- a. Use Standard Precautions at all times
  - b. work from the clean area out toward the dirtier area
  - c. When irrigating a wound, warm the solution to room temperature
  - d. Clean gloves are used for sterile fields
36. Indications for bandaging includes the following EXCEPT
- a. applying pressure to bleeding wounds
  - b. covering wounds and burns
  - c. Acute tissue malignancy
  - d. immobilization for broken bones
37. Bandage used as a sling or as a cover bandage describes
- a. Triangular bandage
  - b. Ace bandaging
  - c. Tubular bandaging
  - d. Roller bandaging

**ANSWER TRUE OR FALSE**

38. A Clean contaminated wound is a wound involving normal but colonized tissue. T/F
39. Rapid absorption does not take place through sublingual routes. T/F
40. Needles should be cut or bent for disposal T/F

**SECTION A**  
**THEORY**

Answer all questions

1. Mrs. Okeji was brought into the emergency unit after a road traffic accident (RTA), having sustained multiple injuries.
  - a. What is a wound (2marks)
  - b. Highlight four( 4) common wound complications (4marks)
  - c. Discuss the Phases of wound Healing. ( 6 marks)
  - d. Discuss any Four (4) Factors that influence wound Healing ( 8 marks)
  
2. Medication Administration is an important aspect of Nursing Care
  - a. Describe the Ten (10) rights of drug administration (10 marks)
  - b. Enumerate eight (8) routes of drug administration (4marks)
  - c. Highlight five ( 6) causes of medication errors (6marks)
  - d. Discuss the admission procedure (10marks)